Approved For Release 2001/03/07 : CIA-RDP96-00789R001300100003-4

SECRET/NOFORN

PROJECT SUN STREAK

WARNING NOTICE: INTELLIGENCE SOURCES AND METHODS INVOLVED

PROJECT NUMBER: 92 TNG

SESSION NUMBER: 1

DATE OF SESSION: 880829

DATE OF REPORT: 880830

START: 0936

END: 1000

METHODOLOGY: CRV

VIEWER IDENTIFIER: 32

1. (S/NF/SK) MISSION: Access and describe in a stage two sense training target # 227, Tunguska event.

- 2. (S/NF/SK) VIEWER TASKING: Encrypted coordinates 0227/1908.
- 3. (S/NF/SK) COMMENTS: Excellent session. O32 obtained all types of stage twos in structure. Excellent graduation session, at the end of the session he had obtained a sufficient number of dimensionals and an AI and thus was ready to enter stage 3. This site represents O32's first movement in time, and the first time the target was an event (this one took place in 1908). His facility with the session showed him that these factors make no difference to the viewing process and also how coordinates can be used to represent more than just a place. Excellent performance from a very diligent student. O32 is ready for stage 3.

4. (S/NF/SK) EVALUATION: //.

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HANDLE VIA SKEET CHANNELS ONLY SPECIAL ACCESS REQUIRED

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CLASSIFIED BY: DIA (DT)
DECLASSIFY ON: OADR

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A. ACROSS

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ACROSS

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DAT-SS

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Approved For Release 2001/03/07: CIA-RDP96-00789R001300100003-AP. SWOLL ACROSS FAMED VB. STRUCTURE

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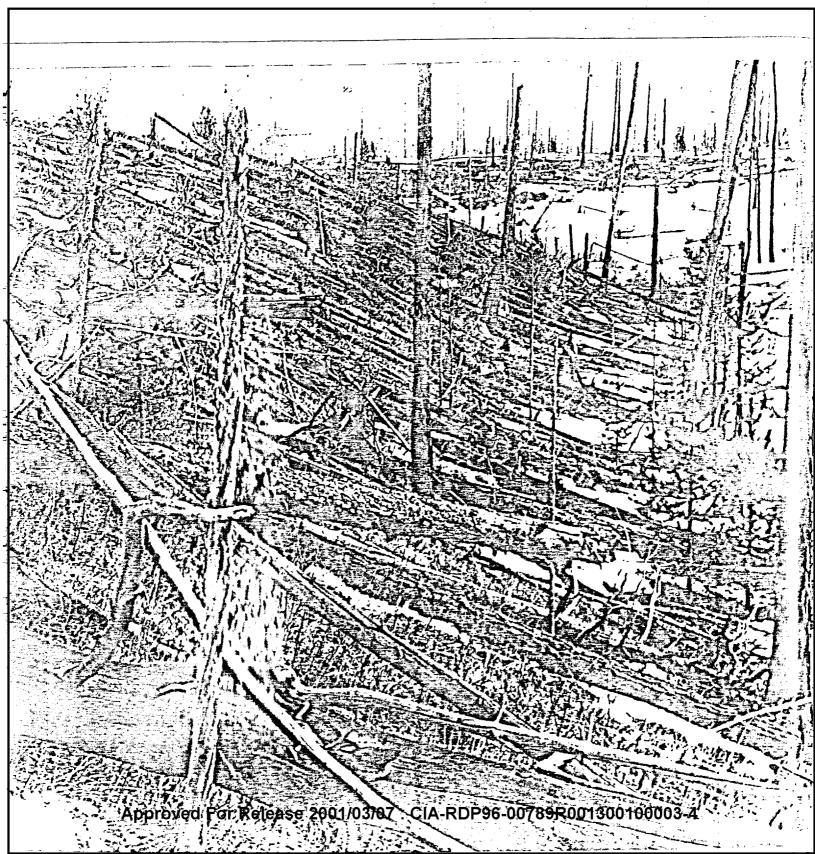
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Approved For Flore RECORDED HISTORY?

Shortly after 7 A.M. on June 30, 1908, early rising farmers, herdsmen, and trappers in the sparsely settled vastness of the central Siberia Plateau watched in awe as a cylindrical object. glowing with an intense bluish-white light and trailing a fiery tail, taced across a clear blue sky toward the northern horizon. At 7:17, over a dekolate region of bogs and low, pinecovered hills traversed by the Stony Tunguska River, it disappeared; instantly, a "pillar of fire" leaped skyward, so high it was seen hundreds of miles away; the earth shuddered under the impact of a titanic explosion, the air was wracked by thunderous claps, and a superheated wind rushed our. ward, setting parts of the taiga on hir At a trading post forty miles from the blast, a man sitting on the steps of his house saw the blinding flash and rose ered his eyes; he felt scorched, as if the shirt on his back were burning, and the next moment he was hurled from the steps by a shock wave and knocked to conscious. Four hundred miles e south the ground heaved un to tracks of the recently coing has Trans-Siberian Railway, threatteness derail an express. And also and Tunguska region a mass of back clouds, piling up to a height of action miles, dumped a shower of "bla 3. *** on the countryside -- dirt and J sucked up by the explosion what rumblings like beavy artillery but to verberated throughout central Firms

Since seismographs and barographs everywhere had recorded the price the entire world knew that some dear extraordinary had occurred in the So ber on wilderness, But what? Set that I conjectured that a giant meteorie must have fallen, exploding from the intense heat its impact generated the hitting the ground, such a body would theoretically, have blown out a fire crater like the one in Arizona, it is quarters of a mile square, left by # mr teorite that fell fifty thousand Their ago, but the Siberian "impact suc turned out to be a dismal swamp, with no trace of a meteorite to be seen

Nevertheless, for want of a better explanation, scientists continued to ascribe the cataclysm to a meteorite, and Leonid Kulik, a mineralogist who headed government-sponsored expeditions to the Tunguska in the early 1920s and again in 1938–39, searched for evidence to support this view.

Although this search proved fruitless, Kulik uncovered a wealth of information about the blast. Near the swamp into which the meteorite had supposedly plummeted, scorched trees, striped of branches, still stood, but around this weird "telegraph-pole" forest, except where intervening hills had shielded them, every tree within listy miles had been blown flat, its munk pointing away from the swamp. From this - and from his failure to find veen a small impact crater - Kulik conaluded that the meteorite had never anched the ground but had exploded two or three miles up in the air. The testimony of local herdsmen yielded other curious details: the blast's intense heat had melted the permafrost, susing water trapped underground for tens of thousands of years to gush earth in fountains, and those reindeer that had not been killed had developed systerious blisters and scabs on their lides. Stranger still, examination of the es that had been germinating in 108 revealed that they had then \$: own at several times the normal rate.

During World War II Kulik was eptured by the Germans and died a prisoner. The riddle he had worked to solve was forgotten. In August 1945, however, certain Russian scientists were abruptly reminded of it by the 10m-bombings of Hiroshima and Lagasaki, events which seemed uncanaly familiar in both their manifestaturns (the fireball, the searing thermal incrent, the towering "mushroom" boud) and their effects (the instantarous and near-total destruction, the · idiation burns on living flesh, the acrelerated growth of new plant life, even the "telegraph-pole" appearance of scorched and branchless trees standing below the point at which an atom

bomb was detonated).

Could the Siberian blast have been atomic? In 1958 a Russian engineerturned-writer, Aleksander Kazantsev, published a story-article pinning that disaster on Martians killed on their way to Earth by cosmic rays or meteorite bombardment; their ship, with no one at the controls, hurtles into our atmosphere at unreduced speed and burns up from friction, triggering a chain reaction in its atomic fuel that sets off the explosion. Few informed readers by then still accepted the meteorite theory, and some, particularly younger men and women, found Kazantsev's hypothesis persuasive, but others rejected it in favor of an earlier alternate explanation, according to which the head of a comet had penetrated the atmosphere at such high velocity that the heat thus generated had caused the comet to blow up. (Skeptics pointed out, however, that a comet could hardly have approached Earth without being seen.)

Two further explanations involving natural causes have been advanced. The first is that a two "black hole" - a chunk of matter collay sed to minuscule dimensions and so dense that its gravity sucks up twen both - hit Siberia and passed in an instant through Earth, emerging in the North Atlantic. The second asserts that on "anti-rock" of antimatter plunged into the atmosphere and exploded on contact with atoms of ordinary matter, producing a fireball of gamma rays. While this would account for the absence of residual material at the site, it is not, most experts say, en spatible with observable physical charts of the blast. In the end, we do not know what caused the total harm in Siberia. We may never but that today, fewer scientists than at any time in the past would be parous to be receive a message beamed from a sore corner of the universe impuliting to to the fate of certain space versus who vanished on our planet in what we call the year 1908.

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